

# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION POLICY**

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# BALANCE SHEET AND CENTRAL ACCOUNTS SECTION FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT WING HEAD OFFICE 112, J C ROAD BANGALORE – 560 002

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#### 1. Preface

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Canara Bank has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to Related Party Transactions as defined below in accordance with SEBI Notification on Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as part of corporate governance norms. Bank shall comply Regulation 23 on Related Party Transactions to the extent it doesn't violate our respective statutes and guidelines or directives issued by regulatory authorities as the Bank is not a Company, but body corporate constituted under the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 and is regulated by Reserve Bank of India. The policy shall be subject to review/ratification in accordance with the procedure set forth below in order to ensure the transparency and procedural fairness of such transactions. The Board has decided that the Audit Committee of the Board will review/ratify and may amend this policy from time to time.

#### 2. Legal Framework

In terms of Security Exchange Board of India (SEBI) circular No. SEBI/ LAD-NRO/ GN/2015-16/013 dated 02 September 2015, it is mandatory for the listed entities to formulate a policy on materiality of related party transactions and also on dealing with Related Party Transactions including clear threshold limits duly approved by the board of directors and such policy shall be reviewed by the board of directors at least once every three years and updated accordingly.

Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated 22.11.2021 on Disclosure obligations of listed entities in relation to Related Party Transactions advised the listed entity to make RPT disclosures every six months in the specified format given therein.

However, in case of Public Sector Banks (being Listed Entities), Related Party Transactions are governed by the Reserve Bank of India, vide its –

- ✓ Circular No. DBOD.No.BP.BC.89/21.04.018/2002-03, dated 29.03.2003 on Guidelines on Compliance with Accounting Standards(AS) by Banks;
- ✓ Master Direction No. RBI/DOR/2021-22/83 DOR.ACC.REC.No.45/21.04.018/2021-22 August 30, 2021 (Updated as on November 15, 2021) on Master Direction on Financial Statements Presentation and Disclosures.

# 3. Objective

The policy has been framed as per the requirements of the Listing Regulations entered into by the Bank with the Stock Exchanges effective from 1<sup>st</sup> December 2015 and intended to ensure proper approval and reporting of transactions between the Bank and its Related Parties. Such transactions shall be appropriate only if they are in the best interest of the Bank and its shareholders.

#### 4. Scope of Application

The policy shall be applicable to the transactions made with;

- a) Board of Directors and their relatives;
- b) Key management Personnel (KMP) of the Bank and their relatives; and
- c) Related parties, as defined hereinafter.

#### 5. Definitions

- **5.1** "Arm's length transaction" "Arm's length transaction" means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.
- **"Associate company",** means a company in which the Bank has a significant influence, but which is not a subsidiary company of the Bank and includes a joint venture company. Explanation— "significant influence" means control of at least twenty percent of total share capital, or of business decisions under an agreement;
- **5.3 "Audit Committee of the Board (ACB)"** means Committee of Board constituted by the Board of Directors as per the guidelines of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and the Government of India (GOI). The ACB provides direction as well as overseeing the operation of the total audit function of the Bank, which includes the organization, operationalization and quality control of internal audit and inspection within the Bank and follow up on the statutory/external audit of the Bank.
- **5.4 "Board"** means Board of Directors of the Bank in terms of Section 9 (3) of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970.
- **"Control"** shall include the right to appoint majority of the directors or to control the management or policy decisions exercisable by a person or persons acting individually or in concert, directly or indirectly, including by virtue of their shareholding or management rights or shareholders' agreements or voting agreements or in any other manner;
- **5.6 "Joint Venture"** means a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity, which is subject to joint control.
- **5.7 "Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)"** shall mean the following whole time key management personnel of the Bank:
  - (i) Chairman and Managing Director / Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (CEO);
  - (ii) Executive Director;
  - (iii) Chief Finance Officer (CFO); and
  - (iv) Company Secretary / Board Secretary;

- **"Listing Agreement"** shall mean the listing agreement for equity executed by the Bank with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, as per the SEBI (LODR) regulations 2015, where the equity share of the Bank is listed.
- **5.9** "Material Related Party Transaction" means a transaction with a related party shall be considered material, if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds rupees one thousand crore or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower."

Notwithstanding the above, a transaction involving payments made to a related party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed five percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity.

# **Material Modification in RPTs**

"Material Modification" shall mean any modification made in terms and conditions of any ongoing or proposed RPT, as originally approved by the Audit Committee and/or shareholders, where the terms of the contract cease to be at "Arm's Length" (as defined in point 5.1).

Provided further that the following shall not be considered as material modification;

- (i) In case of deposits placed by related party with the Bank,
- (ii) Modifications which may be mandated pursuant to change in law,
- (iii) Modifications resulting from change in constitution of either of the parties pursuant to schemes of arrangement (e.g. merger, amalgamation, demerger, etc.)

All material modifications in RPTs shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution and no related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.

- **5.10** "Office or place of profit", "Office or place of profit" means any office or place—
  - (i) Where such office or place is held by a KMP, and receives from the Bank anything by way of remuneration over and above the remuneration to which he is entitled as KMP, by way of salary, fee, incentives, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise as may be fixed by the Central Government from time to time;
  - (ii) where such office or place is held by an individual other than KMP or by any firm, private company or other body corporate, if the individual, firm, private company or body corporate holding it receives from the Bank anything by way of remuneration, salary, fee, commission, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise;

- **5.11** "Policy" means Related Party Transaction Policy.
- **5.12** "Reserve Bank of India" shall mean Reserve Bank of India as constituted under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

# **5.13 Related Party**" shall include:

- a director or his relative;
- ii. a key managerial personnel or his relative;
- iii. a firm, in which a director of the Bank or his relative is a partner;
- iv. a private company in which a director of the Bank is a member or director;
- v. a public company in which a director of the Bank is a director or holds along with his relatives, more than two per cent of its paid-up share capital;
- vi. any Body Corporate whose Board of directors, managing director, or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director of the Bank;
- vii. any person under whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is accustomed to act :
- viii. Provided that nothing in sub-clauses (vi) and (vii) shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity;
- ix. any company which is -
  - (A) a subsidiary or an associate company of the Bank; or
  - (B) a subsidiary of a Company which is also a subsidiary of the Bank;

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party, directly or indirectly, in making financial and/or Operating decisions.

#### "Provided that:

- a. any person or entity forming a part of the promoter or promoter group of the listed entity; or
- b. any person or any entity, holding equity shares of ten per cent or more

in the listed entity either directly or on a beneficial interest basis as provided under section 89 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, during the immediate preceding financial year; shall be deemed to be a related party:"

- **5.14** "Relative" means a person defined under Section 45 S(3) of RBI Act, 1934 and shall includes:
  - i. Members of a Hindu Undivided Family;
  - ii. Spouse;
  - Father (including step-father);
  - iv. Mother (including step-mother);
  - v. Son (including step-son);
  - vi. Son's wife;
  - vii. Daughter;
  - viii. Daughter's husband;
    - ix. Brother (including step-brother);
    - x. Sister (including step-sister).

- **5.15** "Related Party Transaction" would mean a transaction involving a transfer of resources, services or obligations between:
  - (i) a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
  - (ii) a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the

listed entity or any of its subsidiaries.

regardless of whether a price is charged and a "transaction" with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract:

Provided that the following shall not be a related party transaction:

- a) the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- b) the following corporate actions by the listed entity which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
  - i. payment of dividend;
  - ii. subdivision or consolidation of securities;
  - iii. issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
  - iv. buy-back of securities.
- c) acceptance of fixed deposits by banks/Non-Banking Finance Companies at the terms uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders/public, subject to disclosure of the same along with the disclosure of related party transactions every six months to the stock exchange(s), in the format as specified by the Board.

Provided further that this definition shall not be applicable for the units issued by mutual funds which are listed on a recognized stock exchange(s).

- **5.16** "Subsidiary" means a company in which the Bank:
  - a) controls the composition of the Board of Directors; or
  - b) exercises or controls more than one-half of the total share capital either at its own or together with one or more of its subsidiary companies

For the purpose of this clause a subsidiary shall be considered as material if the subsidiary, whose income or net worth exceeds ten percent of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the listed entity and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.

#### 6. Policy

All Related Party Transactions shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee of the Board in terms of Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations.

#### Provided further that:

- a) the audit committee of a listed entity shall define "material modifications" and disclose it as part of the policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions;
- a related party transaction to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party, shall require prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity if the value of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year exceeds ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity;
- c) a related party transaction to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party, shall require prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity if the value of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten per cent of the annual standalone turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of the subsidiary;
- d) prior approval of the audit committee of the listed entity shall not be required for a related party transaction to which the listed subsidiary is a party but the listed entity is not a party, if regulation 23 and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 15 of these regulations are applicable to such listed subsidiary.
- e) all material related party transactions and material modifications in RPTs shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution and no related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.

Explanation: For related party transactions of unlisted subsidiaries of a listed subsidiary as referred to in (d) above, the prior approval of the audit committee of the listed subsidiary shall suffice."

However, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the company subject to the following conditions:

- **6.1.** The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the policy on Related Party Transactions of the Bank and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.
- **6.2.** The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the company;
- **6.3.** Such omnibus approval shall specify
  - The name/s of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transaction that can be entered into;
  - The indicative base price/current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any; and

• Such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit;

Provided that where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available. Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding rupees one crore per transaction.

- **6.4.** Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the company pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
- 6.5. The following transactions shall be covered under omnibus approval entered by the Bank with its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates and other related parties subject to at an arm's length basis (as defined in point 5.1) / in the ordinary course of business:

Sr.	Nature / Category of Transactions	Period of	Maximum
No.	with Related Parties	Transactions /	<b>Cumulative value of</b>
		Contract /	transactions
		Arrangements	
1.	Placement of Deposits	Any period	Any Value
2.	Payment of Interest on Deposits	Any number of	Any Value
		times / no limit	
3.	Loans and Advances including		
	non-fundcommitments:		
	A. Housing Loan (Individual)	Upto 30 years	Upto Rs. 10 crore
	B. Other Loans	Any period	Any Value
4.	Rendering of Services under	Any number of	Any value
	regulated transactions for	times	
	which rates or charges are fixed		
5.	Other services, Saving and	Any number of	Any value
	Current Account services, receipt	times	
	of fees / brokerage /		
	commissions.		

Provided that the above transactions shall not be a Material Related Party Transaction i.e. Transaction exceeding rupees one thousand crore or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity (whichever is lower).

The omnibus approval for the above transactions shall be considered as approved by Audit Committee. Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year.

An Office Note shall be placed before Audit Committee of the Board on quarterly basis by Associates & Subsidiaries Wing (for domestic Associates/ Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures), International Operations Wing (for international Associates/ Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures) and Secretarial Department (for all other related parties as defined in Point 5.13 of the Policy such as Directors, Relatives of Directors, Key management Personnel and relatives of Key Management Personnel etc.) covering the related

party transactions entered into by the bank pursuant to such omnibus approvals. The above stated transactions may be modified/ added/ deleted as may be determined by the Audit Committee of the Board, from time to time.

6.6. All related party transactions will be subject to the Intra-Group Transactions and Exposures ceiling norms fixed by RBI/Board.

#### 7. Details required for ascertaining related party

The following details shall be required for ascertaining the related party:

- 1) Declaration/Disclosure of interest by all the Directors and KMPs in the prescribed form (Annexure 2)
- 2) Declarations of relatives by all Directors and KMPs in the prescribed form (Annexure 2)
- 3) Declaration about a Firm in which a Director or his relative is a partner (Annexure 2)
- 4) Declaration about a private company in which a Director is a member or Director (Annexure 2)
- 5) Declaration regarding a public company in which a Director is a Director and holds along with the relatives more than 2% of the paid up share capital (Annexure 2)
- 6) Notice from Directors of any change in particulars of Directorship or in other positions during the year. (Annexure 2)
- 7) Details of any body corporate whose Board of Directors, Managing director of managers is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director of the Bank. (Annexure 2)
- 8) Details of any person on whose advice, directions or instructions a director is accustomed to act. (Annexure 2)
- 9) Provided that nothing in point no 7 & 8 shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity.
- 10) Details of any Company which is
  - A holding, subsidiary or an associate company of such company; or
  - A subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary.

# 8. Types of Transactions covered

Under SEBI Listing Regulations, following shall also be covered:

✓ Transfer of resources, services or obligations between a listed entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Further, a transaction with a related party shall be construed to include single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract

Under Accounting Standard 18, all transactions involving transfer of resources or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether or not a price is charged shall be covered. To name a few:

- 1) Purchases or sales of goods (finished or unfinished);
- 2) Purchases or sales of fixed assets;
- 3) Rendering or receiving of services;

- 4) Agency arrangements;
- 5) Leasing or hire purchase arrangements;
- 6) Transfer of research and development;
- 7) License agreements;
- 8) Finance (including loans and equity contributions in cash or in kind);
- 9) Guarantees and Collaterals; and
- 10) Management contracts including for deputation of employees.

Pursuant to RBI Guidelines on Disclosure in Financial Statements - Notes to Accounts (Accounting Standard 18), the following transactions between related parties will be covered such as:

- i) Borrowings
- ii) Deposit
- iii) Placement of deposits
- iv) Advances
- v) Investments
- vi) Non-funded commitments
- vii) Leasing/HP arrangements availed
- viii) Leasing/HP arrangements provided
- ix) Purchase of fixed assets
- x) Sale of fixed assets
- xi) Interest paid
- xii) Interest received
- xiii) Rendering of services
- xiv) Receiving of services
- xv) Management contracts

#### 9. Identification of potential Related Party Transactions

Each Director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing notice to the Board or the Audit Committee, any potential Related Party Transaction involving him or her or his or her Relative, including any additional information about the transaction that the Board/ Audit Committee may reasonably request. The Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with this policy.

The notice of any such potential Related Party Transaction should be given to the Board/Audit Committee well in advance so that the Audit Committee has adequate time to obtain and review information about the proposed transaction.

# 10. Material Related Party Transaction

All related Party Transactions should require prior approval of Audit Committee except those transactions exempted by the Audit Committee through omnibus specific approval.

All Material Related Party Transactions (exceeding rupees one thousand crore or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity) and material modifications as defined by the Audit Committee shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution and no related party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not Provided that prior approval of the shareholders of a listed entity shall not be required for a related party transaction to which the listed subsidiary is a party but the listed entity is not a party, if regulation 23 and sub-regulation (2) of regulation 15 of these regulations are applicable to such listed subsidiary. Explanation: For related party transactions of unlisted subsidiaries of a listed subsidiary as referred above, the prior approval of the shareholders of the listed subsidiary shall suffice.

"Provided that the requirements specified under this sub-regulation shall not apply in respect of a resolution plan approved under section 31 of the Insolvency Code, subject to the event being disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved"

Provided that above provisions read with Point No 6 shall not be applicable in the following:

- 1. Transactions entered into between two government companies;
- 2. Transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
- 3. Transactions entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the listed holding company, whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

# 11. Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

Related Party Transactions will be referred to the next regularly scheduled meeting of Audit Committee for review and approval. Approval of the related party transactions from the Committee shall be obtained by Associates & Subsidiaries Wing (for domestic Associates/Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures), International Operations Wing (for international Associates/Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures) and Secretarial Department (for all other related parties as defined in Point 5.13 of the Policy such as Directors, Relatives of Directors, Key management Personnel and relatives of Key Management Personnel etc.). Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will recluse himself or herself and abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.

To review a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Bank and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters. In determining whether to approve a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the Related Party Transaction:

- Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are fair and on arm's length basis to the Bank and would apply on the same basis if the transaction did not involve a Related Party;
- Whether there are any compelling business reasons for the Bank to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;
- Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence of an independent director;
- Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;
- ❖ Whether the Bank was notified about the Related Party Transaction before its commencement and if not, why pre-approval was not sought and whether subsequent ratification is allowed and would be detrimental to the Bank; and
- Whether the Related Party Transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the Key Managerial Personnel's or other Related Party's interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case decides to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

Provided that, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require approval of Audit Committee or Shareholders:

- a. Any transaction that involves providing of compensation to a Key Managerial Personnel in connection with his or her duties to the Bank or any of its subsidiaries or associates, including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business.
- b. Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Bank and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the related party transactions entered by KMP or their relatives individually or together with other transactions during a quarter exceeds 1 Crore, the same shall be placed before the Board of Directors of the Bank.

#### 12. Related Party Transactions without the prior approval under this Policy

In the event the Bank becomes aware of a Related Party Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Committee. The Committee shall consider all the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction and shall evaluate all options available to the Bank, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Committee under this Policy, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, immediate discontinuation or rescission of the transaction.

In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee has the final authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.

#### 13. Disclosure

- 13.1 Necessary disclosures shall be made in the Annual Financial Statements as required under AS 18 and RBI guidelines (Annexure 1). Further, as required under the Listing Agreement, necessary details of all materially significant related party transactions which may have potential conflict with the interests of the Bank at large, shall also be also given in Report on Corporate Governance section in Annual Report.
- 13.2 Details of all material transactions with related parties shall be disclosed quarterly along with the compliance report on Corporate Governance.
- 13.3 The listed entity shall submit to the stock exchanges disclosures of related party transactions in the format as specified by the Board from time to time, and publish the same on its website:

Provided that a 'high value debt listed entity' shall submit such disclosures along with its standalone financial results for the half year:

Provided further that the listed entity shall make such disclosures every six months on the date of publication of its standalone and consolidated financial results:

However, Listed banks shall not be required to provide the disclosures with respect to related party transactions involving loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed banks.

13.4 The Bank shall disclose the policy on dealing with related party transactions on its website and a web link thereto shall be provided in the Annual Report.

# 14. Records relating to Related Party/Supporting documents

All disclosures, supporting documents shall be preserved for a period of eight years from the end of the financial year to which it relates and shall be kept in the custody of the BSCA Section or any other person authorized by the Board for the purpose.

Agreement or other supporting documents along with proper justification of the transaction being on arm's length basis in the ordinary course of business at a prevailing market rate shall also be preserved for a period of 8 years from the end of the financial year to which it relates and shall be kept in the custody of the BSCA Section or any other person authorized by the Board for the Purpose

# 15. Interpretation

In any circumstances where the terms of these policies and procedures differ from any existing or newly enacted law, rule, regulation or standard governing the Bank, the law, rule, regulation or standard will take precedence over these policies and procedure until such time as these policies and procedures are changed to confirm to the law, rule, regulation or standard.

#### **16. Secrecy Provisions**

In terms of paragraph 5 of Accounting Standard 18, the disclosure requirements do not apply in circumstances when providing such disclosures would conflict with the reporting enterprise's duties of confidentiality as specifically required in terms of statute, by regulator or similar competent authority. In terms of Paragraph 6 of Accounting Standard 18, in case a statute or the RBI or SEBI prohibits the Banks from disclosing certain information which is required to be disclosed, non-disclosure of such information would not be deemed as non-compliance with the requirements of Accounting Standard 18. It is clear from the above that on account of the judicially recognized common law duty of the banks to maintain the confidentiality of the customer details, they need not make such disclosures. In view of the above, where the disclosures under the Accounting Standards are not aggregated disclosures in respect of any category of related party i.e., where there is only one entity in any category of related party, banks need not disclose any details pertaining to that related party other than the relationship with that related party.

# **Annexure 1**

# **Format for Related Party Disclosures**

The manner of disclosures required by paragraphs 23 and 26 of AS 18 is illustrated below. It may be noted that the format is merely illustrative and is not exhaustive.

(Amount in INR Crore)

	I .				ount in INR C		
Items /	Parent	Subsidiaries	Associates/	KMP@	Relatives	Total	
Related Party	(as per				of KMP		
	ownership		Joint				
	or control)		Ventures				
	0. 00						
Borrowings#							
Deposit#							
Placement of							
deposits#							
Advances#							
Investments#							
Non funded							
commitments#							
Leasing							
arrangements							
availed#							
Leasing							
arrangements							
provided#							
-							
Purchase of							
fixed assets							
Sale of fixed							
assets							
Interest soid							
Interest paid							
Interest							
received							
Rendering of							
services*							
Receiving of							

Items / Related Party	Parent (as per ownership or control)	Subsidiaries	Associates/ Joint Ventures	КМР@	Relatives of KMP	Total
services*						
Management contracts*						

**Note:** Where there is only one entity in any category of related party, banks need not disclose any details pertaining to that related party other than the relationship with that related party

- @ Whole time directors of the Board and CEOs of the branches of foreign banks in India.
- # The outstanding at the year-end and the maximum during the year are to be disclosed.

<sup>\*</sup> Contract services etc. and not services like remittance facilities, locker facilities etc.

# **Annexure 2**

# Format of declaration to be given by the Directors/KMP/Related Party & Relatives

l,		son/daughter/spouse of									
	resident of	being a Director/Key									
Mar	nagement Personnel (KMP)/relative of Director/KMP/rel										
give	give notice of my interest of concern in the following company or companies, bodies										
corp	corporate, firms or other association of individual/transactions:										
	,										
1	Name of the Companies/Body										
	Corporate/Firms/Association of Individuals										
2	The name of the related party and nature of										
	relationship										
3	The nature, duration of the contract and particulars										
	of the contract or arrangement										
4	Nature of Transactions										
5	Material terms of the contract or arrangement										
	including the value, if any										
6	Any advice paid or received for the contract or										
_	arrangement, if any										
7	Manner of determining the pricing and other										
	commercial terms, both included as part of contract										
0	and not considered as part of the contract  Whether all factors relevant to the contract have										
8											
	been considered, if not, the details of factors not considered with the rationale for not considering										
	those factors										
9	Whether arm's length transaction										
10	Whether as per approved scheme of the Bank										
11	Any Other information relevant or important for the										
11	Board to take a decision on the proposed transaction										
	Bodia to take a decision on the proposed transdection										
Sign	ature:										
Date	2:										
Desi	anation:										

# **Format of Information in Related Party Transaction**

# Name of the Related Party, Relationship and Nature of Facilities:

SI No.	Name of the Related	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Facilities
	Party	(Eg. Directors/ KMP/	(Eg. Deposit/ Advances/
		Relatives of KMP)	Other facilities)

#### Nature of transaction:

# A) Transaction of routine and repetitive in nature:

Nature of Transactions	Balance	Rate of Interest	Applicable ROI
(Eg. Deposits / Advances /	Outstanding as	Charged/Provided	for the similar
Other Services /Contracts)	on the		type of
	Reporting		transactions
	date(In lakhs)		
Advances			
Deposits			
Other Services/Contracts			
Whether Staff rate and			
whether eligible			
Special concession, if any			
Whether at arm's length			

# B) Transaction not covered under (A) and up to a monetary limit of Rs 1 Crore per transaction

Nature of Transactions	Volume of transactions during the reporting period. (In lakhs)
Special concession, if any	
Whether at arm's length	

# C) Material Transactions

Nature of Transactions	Volume of transactions during the reporting period. (In lakhs)
Special concession, if any	
Whether at arm's length	

<sup>\*\*</sup>e.g. Lockers, lease agreements, service contracts etc.

I/We hereby confirm that the transactions entered into by me/us/my relatives with the bank were at arm's length and no special benefits have accrued to me/us/relatives.

I/we also confirm that all transactions which are in the purview of the related party transaction have been reported by me.

(Signature/Authorized signatory)

# Format for disclosure of related party transactions every six months

# **Annexure 3**

As per SEBI circular no: SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated: November 22, 2021 (Disclosure obligations of listed entities in relation to Related Party Transactions), the listed entity shall make RPT disclosures every six months in the format provided below:

											the relate	ed par or in tails n	rty trans vestmen eed to b	action re ts made e disclose	lates to or giver ed only o	loans, by th	inter-o	olicable only in case corporate deposits, dentity/subsidiary. The reporting period
S. No	Details of the party (listed entity /subsidi ary) enterin g into the transact ion		f the party isted ntity ubsidi ary) nterin into the ansact		related party transac tion (see ed by related		Value of transac tion during the reporti  In case monies are due to either party as a result of the transactio n (see Note		In case any financial indebtedness is incurred to make or give loans, intercorporate deposits, advances or investments			Details of the loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments						
		Na me	PA N	Relation ship of the counter party with the listed entity or its subsidiar	Note 5)	the audit commit tee (see Note 6a)	ng period (see Note 6b)	Openi ng balan ce	ng	Nature of indebt edness (loan/ issuan ce of debt/ any other etc.)	Cos t (se e Not e 7)	Tenur e	Nature (loan/ advan ce/ inter- corpor ate deposi t/ invest ment	Inter est Rate (%)	Tenu re	Secure d/ unsecu red	Purpose for which the funds will be utilised by the ultimate recipient of funds (endusage)	

Tot							
al							
(of							
No							
te							
6b)							

#### Notes:

- 1. The details in this format are required to be provided for all transactions undertaken during the reporting period. However, opening and closing balances, including commitments, to be disclosed for existing related party transactions even if there is no new related party transaction during the reporting period.
- 2. Where a transaction is undertaken between members of the consolidated entity (between the listed entity and its subsidiary or between subsidiaries), it may be reported once.
- 3. Listed banks shall not be required to provide the disclosures with respect to related party transactions involving loans, inter-corporate deposits, advances or investments made or given by the listed banks.
- 4. For companies with financial year ending March 31, this information has to be provided for six months ended September 30 and six months ended March 31. Companies with financial years ending in other months, the six months period shall apply accordingly.
- 5. Each type of related party transaction (for e.g. sale of goods/services, purchase of goods/services or whether it involves a loan, inter-corporate deposit, advance or investment) with a single party shall be disclosed separately and there should be no clubbing or netting of transactions of same type. However, transactions with the same counterparty of the same type may be aggregated for the reporting period. For instance, sale transactions with the same party may be aggregated for the reporting period and purchase transactions may also be disclosed in a similar manner. There should be no netting off for sale and purchase transactions. Similarly, loans advanced to and received from the same counterparty should be disclosed separately, without any netting off.
- 6. In case of a multi-year related party transaction:
  - a. The aggregate value of such related party transaction as approved by the audit committee shall be disclosed in the column "Value of the related party transaction as approved by the audit committee".
  - b. The value of the related party transaction undertaken in the reporting period shall be reported in the column "Value of related party transaction during the reporting period".
- 7. "Cost" refers to the cost of borrowed funds for the listed entity.
- 8. PAN will not be displayed on the website of the Stock Exchange(s).
- 9. Transactions such as acceptance of fixed deposits by banks/NBFCs, undertaken with related parties, at the terms uniformly applicable /offered to all shareholders/ public shall also be reported.